



# EUREKA

## **ORIFICE PLATES & ORIFICE FLANGE ASSEMBLIES**











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#### **Orifice Plates**

Orifice Plates are most commonly used primary elements for flow measurement in pipelines based on the principle of measurement of 'Differential Pressure' created when an obstruction is placed in the fluid flow, due to increase in fluid velocity.

Orifice Plates cover a wide range of applications of fluid and operating conditions. They give an acceptable level of uncertainties at lowest cost and long life without regular maintenance.

We have fully equipped integrated designing, manufacturing and testing facilities which are amongst the best in the Country. Over the years we have manufactured and supplied Orifice Plate Assemblies to many prestigious projects in the Domestic as well as International market.

The Square Edged Concentric type of Orifice Plate is most commonly used for flow measurement. This has got features such as simple structure, high accuracy, and ease of installation & replacement. The Orifice Plates are correctly finished to the dimensions, surface roughness, and flatness to the applicable standard. These plates are recommended for clean Liquids, Gases & Steam flow, when the Reynolds number range from  $10000 \text{ to } 10^7$ .

We also manufacture Eccentric Orifice Plates, Segmental Orifice Plates, Quadrant Edge Orifice Plates, Conical Entrance Orifice Plates.

#### **Restriction Orifice Plates**

The Restriction Orifice Plates are used for reducing fluid pressure and are designed somewhat different from the Orifice Plates that are used for measuring flow rates. They are designed to slip between the piping flanges.

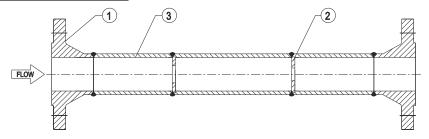
While single Restriction Orifices are often sufficient to meet the requirements, there are situations where limitations arise due to process conditions making the single Restriction Orifices unacceptable. In such situations, use of Multiple Restriction in series is a better solution.

The foremost consideration in using Multiple Restriction is the pressure drop. Higher pressure drop implies higher velocities resulting in vibration and noise problems. Hence instead of a Single Restriction Orifice Plate, Multiple Plates are used.

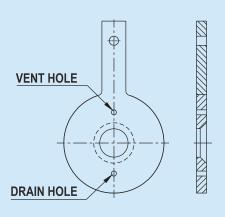
The other consideration, particularly for gas flow is that if the process condition indicates that critical flow will occur with the use of single restriction plate, care should be exercised to avoid operating well beyond the critical pressure drop.

Construction of Multistage Orifice Assembly is as shown in the adjoining sketch. End connection is either suitable for butt welding or with end flanges.

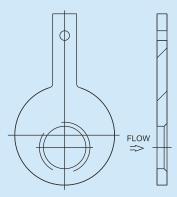
SR.NO.	PART NAME
1	PROCESS FLANGES WELDNECK
2	RESTRICTION ORIFICE PLATE
3	PIPES



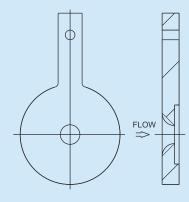
MULTIPLE RESTRICTION ORIFICE ASSEMBLY



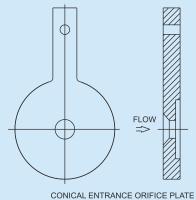
SQUARE EDGED CONCENTRIC ORIFICE PLATE

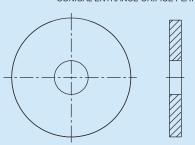


ECCENTRIC ORIFICE PLATE



QUADRANT EDGE ORIFICE PLATE OR QUARTER CIRCLE ORIFICE PLATE





**RESTRICTION ORIFICE PLATE** 

#### **Orifice Flange Assemblies**



## Orifice Plate With Weld Neck Flange Union

The Weld Neck Flange is normally referred to as "High Hub" flange. It is designed to transfer stresses to the pipe, thereby reducing high stress concentrations at the base of the flange. The pressure tappings are provided through the flange which are at a distance of 1" from the face of the plate (shown in the drawing attached).

#### Orifice Plate With Slip On Flange Union

The Slip On Flange has a "low hub" because the pipe slips into the flange prior to welding. It is welded both from inside and out to provide sufficient strength and prevent leakage. The slip on flanges are bored slightly larger than the OD of the matching pipe.

#### Orifice Plate Assemblies with RTJ Holder

#### Description

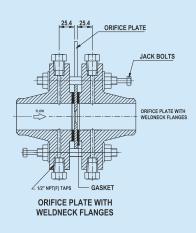
The Plate Holder Assembly is a combination of plate holder and an Orifice Plate designed for Ring Tongue Joint (RTJ) Flanges. The plate holder has a function of holding the Orifice Plate and also functions as a gasket to prevent leakage of the process fluid. The plate holder has an oval or octagonal ring for mounting between ring type joint flanges. This metallic sealing system is useful for a fluid of high temperature and high pressure. The pressure tapping system normally is of the flange tap type.

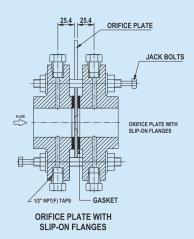
Orifice Plate is screwed to the plate holder. Generally the plate holder is of soft Iron material. The Orifice Plate is available in standard material such as SS316, SS304, SS316L, Monel, Hastelloy-C, etc. Other materials are available on request.

#### Orifice Plate With Carrier Ring

The construction is similar to the above except Carrier Rings provide a low cost solution (corner tapping). Carrier ring machined from single block is also offered in place of male-female carrier, wafer type mounting is used for carrier rings.







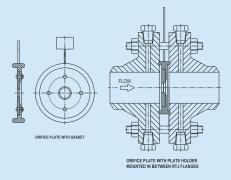
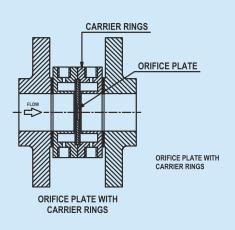


PLATE WITH PLATE HOLDER MOUNTED IN BETWEEN RTJ FLANGES

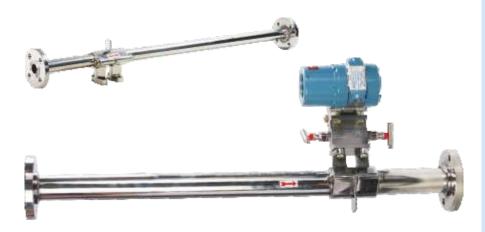


### Integral Orifice Assembly

Integral Flow Orifice Assembly is used for the small bore pipe sizes of 2" & below. However due to process Temperature limits of the Transmitter, this assembly cannot be used for process Temperatures above 120°C (248°F).

The assembly consists of an Orifice Plate between two integral blocks having corner taps. Generally meter run pipe is recommended with upstream length of 750mm and downstream length of 250mm.

The pipes are welded to the blocks with end flanges. The complete Flow Measuring System consists of Integral Orifice Assembly, Manifold and DP Transmitter. At Eureka we have in house Calibration Facility for the calibration of Integral Orifice Assemblies that we manufacture. Calibration can be offered upon Customer's request. These Integral Assemblies can be offered in CS, SS316, SS304 and other materials on specific request.



### **General Specifications**

: Conforms to ISA RP 3.2, DIN 1952, BS 1042, ISO 5167, ASME MFC -Design

Types : Square Edge Concentric, Quadrant Edged, Conical Entrance, Eccentric,

Segmental

Plate Material : AISI SS 316 as standard. SS304, SS316L, Hastelloy-C, Monel, PP, PVC,

PTFE coated, etc. can be given on request.

Orifice Bore : In accordance with ISO 5167, BS 1042, ASME MFC 3M, R.W.Miller,

Tag Plate : In the same material as Plate & is welded to Orifice Plate. Tag plate integral

to the Orifice Plate (i.e. without welding) can also be offered as a special

Vent / Drain : Vent or Drain holes are provided as per customer's requirement.

Flange Type

: Weld Neck, Slip on, Threaded, Socket welded with RF or RTJ facing Orifice flanges are in accordance with ASME B16.36 with minimum flange rating of 300#

Flange Material

: ASTM A 105 as standard, ASTM A182 F11, ASME ASTM A 350, ASTM A 182 F316, ASTM A182 F304, ASTM A 182 F 316L, ASTM A

182 F 304L, FRVE etc.

Pressure Tappings: Corner tappings are recommended for sizes upto 11/2"; Flange taps

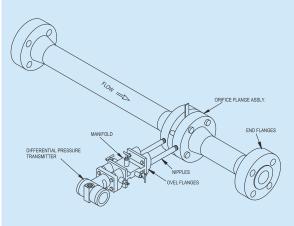
from 2"onwards

Gasket

: SS spiral wound + Grafoil, SS spiral wound + PTFE are normally supplied as per process requirement. Other materials available on request. For RTJ flanges, the plate is fixed on the plate holder. The plate holder is in Soft Iron material & acts as a gasket.

Studs / Nuts : ASTM A193, Gr. B7/A-194 Gr.2H as standard, Other material on

request.



ORIFICE FLANGE ASSEMBLY WITH PIPE RUN, MANIFOLD, DP TRANSMITTER, & END FLANGES

#### Data required for sizing:

- Name of Fluid
- Sp. Gr. Of Fluid at Operating Conditions
- Viscosity of Fluid at Operationg Conditions
- Operating Pressure & Operating Temperature
- Measuring Range
- Material of Construction desired.

VALUES
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44	44	42	22	16	0	> <sub>e</sub>	2	SINGLE 90° BEND TWO 90° BENDS IN ANY PLANE	
20	20	13	9	ω	ω	ᄦ			
44	44	30	18	10	10	₽e	3	TWO 90° BENDS IN THE SAME PLANE S-CONFIGUR- ATION  (30D ≥ S > 10D ) a (10D ≥ S) a	
18	18	18	10	g	g	Bg		3 IN 3 IN 1 IGUR- 1 10D) a	
44	44	42	22	10	10	Ąe	4	TWO 90° BENDS IN THE SAME PLANE S.CONFIGUR- ATION (10D ≥ S) a	
22	20	18	10	g	g	Βſ		90° SAME IE FIGUR- N	
44	44	44	44	44	19	Ąe	5	TWO 90° BENDS IN BENDS IN PERPEN- DICULAR PLANES PLANES PLANES (30D > S > 5D ) a (5D > S) a,b	TWO
20	20	18	18	18	18	В	5	90° NS IN NEN- LAR ≥ 5D ) a	
75	60	65 h	75	50	34	Ae	6	TWO 90° BERIOS II. II. PERPEN- DICULAR PLANES (5D > S) a,b	UP
18	18	25	34	25	17	Bf	O,	90° DS IN DEN- LAR ES	STRE/
44	36	29	19	9	ω	Ae	7	SINGLE 90° TEE WITH OR WITHOUT AN EXTENSION MITRE 90° BEND	UPSTREAM ( INLET) SIDE OF ORIFICE PLATE
18	18	18	9	ω	9	Вſ		E 90° TH OR TH OR UT AN SION 90°	_ET) S
44	44	30	30	30	7	₽e		SINGLE 45° BENDD TWO 45° BENDS IN THE SAME PLANE PLANE S-CONFIGUR ATION ( S ≥ 2D ) a	IDE 0
18	18	18	18	9	g	Bf	۵	SINGLE 45° BENDO TWO 45° BENDS IN THE SAME PLANE S-CONFIGURATION (\$\$\geq 2D\$) a	F ORIF
13	12	9	8	5	5	Ąe	. 9		FICE P
œ	6	5	51	g	g	ΒŢ		CONCENTRIC REDUCER 2D TO D OVER A LENGTH OF 1.5D TO 3D	LATE
36	28	26	20	12	0	Ąe	10	CONCENTI EXPANDER 0.5D TO D OVER A LENGTH O D TO 2D	
18	14	1	9	8	g	Bſ		CONCENTRIC EXPANDER 0.5D TO D 0.0ER A LENGTH OF D TO 2D	
24	18	14	12	12	12	Ąe	11		
12	9	7	6	6	0	Βſ		FULL BORE BALL VALVE OR GATE VALVE FULLY OPEN	
30	30	30	30	30	30	Ąe	_	ABRUPT SYMMENTRI REDUCTION	
15	15	15	15	15	15	Βſ	12	CAI	
5	51	5	51	51	σ	₽e	_		
ω	ω	ω	ω	ω	ω	ᄦႍ	13	THERMOMETER POCKET OR WELL c  OF DIAMETER   < 0.03D d	
8	7	7	6	6	4	Ąe	14		DOWN (OUTLE OF THE ORIFIC
4	3,5	3,5	ω	ω	2	B		FITTINGS (COLUMNS 2 TO 11) AND THE DENSITO- METER POCKET	DOWN STREAM (OUTLET) SIDE OF THE ORIFICE PLATE

a S IS THE SEPERATION BETWEEN THE TWO BENDS MEASURED FROM THE DOWNSTREAM END OF THE CURVED PORTION OF THE UPSTREAM BEND TO THE ORIFICE PLATE AND THE ORIFICE PLATE ITSELF. SHALL BE MEASURED FROM THE DOWNSTREAM END OF THE CURVED PORTION OF THE NEAREST ( OR ONLY ) BEND OR OF THE TEE OR THE DOWNSTREAM END OF THE CURVED OR CONICAL PORTION OF THE REDUCER OR THE EXPANDER.NOTE-2 MOST OF THE BENDS ON WHICH THE LENGTHS IN THIS TABLE ARE BASED HAD A RADIUS OF CURVATURE EQUAL TO 1.5D

THE MINIMUM STRAIGHT LENGTHS REQUIRED ARE THE LENGTHS BETWEEN VARIOUS FITTINGS LOCATED UPSTREAM OR DOWNSTREAM OF THE ORIFICE PLATE AND THE ORIFICE PLATE ITSELF. STRAIGHT LENGTHS

# EMARK:

THIS CHART IS FOR GUIDANCE. USER MAY REFER TO THE LATEST VERSION OF STANDARD

b THIS IS NOT A GOOD UPSTREAM INSTALLATION : A FLOW CONDITIONER SHOULD BE USED WHERE POSSIBLE.

c THIS INSTALLATION OF THERMOMETER POCKETS OR WELLS WILL NOT ALTER THE REQUIRED MINIMUM UPSTREAM STRAIGHT LENGTHS FOR THE OTHER FITTINGS

d A THERMOMETER POCKET OR WELL OF DIAMETER BETWEEN 0.03D AND 0.13D MAY BE INSTALLED PROVIDED THAT THE VALUES IN COLUMNS A AND B ARE INCREASED TO 20 AND 10 RESPECTIVELY. SUCH AN INSTALLATION IS NOT, HOWEVER, RECOMMENEDED.

e COLUMN A FOR EACH FITTING GIVES LENGTHS CORRESPONDING TO "ZERO ADDITIONAL UNCERTAINTY" VALUES.

COLUMN B FOR EACH FITTING GIVES LENGTHS CORRESPONDING TO " 0.5 ADDITIONAL UNCERTAINTY" VALUE.

g THE STRAIGHT LENGTH IN COLUMN A GIVES ZERO ADDITIONAL UNCERTAINTY; DATA ARE NOT AVAILABLE FOR SHORTER STRAIGHT LENGTHS WHICH COULD BE USED TO GIVE THE REQUIRED STRAIGHT LENGTHS FOR COLUMN B.

h 95D IS REQUIRED FOR ReD > 2 X 10^6 IF S < 2D

# Other Products Manufactured by EUREKA

## Electromagnetic Flowmeter





Metal Tube Rotameter



**Swas** 



Glass Tube Rotameter



Polycarbonate Model



**Byepass Rotameter** 



Eusonic Flowmeter



Eurekone Flowmeter



**BUBBLER SYSTEM** 

